Observation Stations[*0] (As of April 1, 2021)

The Headquarters for Earthquake Research Promotion

Observation / Organization	High sensitivity seismographs		Broad-band seismographs		Strong-motion seismographs		Geodetic survey				Seabottom geodetic stations	Ground water observatories	Geomagnetic observatories	Gravity observatories	Tide and/or Tsunami observatories
	on land	ocean bottom[*1]	TYPE1[*2]	TYPE2[*3]	on the ground	in the well	GNSS	SLR	VLBI	Strain[*4]					
National University Corporations	233	6(2)	10[*5]	34[*5]	96	18	68			68	37	4	23	2	3
National Research Institute for Earth Science and Disaster Resilience	782	207(9)	16	108	1742	695				40					204
Japan Agency for Marine-Earth Science and Technology		6(1)		3											2
Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism					397	35									63
Geospatial Information Authority of Japan	1						1336		1				13		25
Japan Meteorological Agency	243	13(3)		20	684					42			4		106
Hydrographic and Oceanographic Department, Japan Coast Guard							7	1			27				20
National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology	29						11			24		46			
Total	1288	232(15)	26	165	2919[*6]	748	1422	1	1	174	64	50	40	2	423

(*0) Temporary observation points are not counted.
(*1) Numerals in the parentheses show the number of cables.
(*2) Broadband seismographs covering the frequency range from small earthquakes to free oscillation of the earth. (e.g. STS1, CMG1T)
(*3) Broadband seismographs covering the frequency range from microearthquakes to tsunami earthquakes which are relatively of short period. (e.g. STS2, CMG3T
(*4) Strain meters, volumetric strain meters, multi-components strain meters, and extensometers
(*5) The broadband seismographs of the National University Corporations are put by the side of high sensitivity seismographs.
Therefore, the number is included in the number of high sensitivity seismographs.
(*6) In addition, there are approximately 2900 intensity meters of local public bodies